# Columbia Soil & Water Conservation District

Columbia County, Oregon

## **AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Year Ended June 30, 2020

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June 30, 2020

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## Columbia County, Oregon

## **DISTRICT OFFICIALS**

June 30, 2020

BOARD OF DIRECTORS	<u>OFFICE</u>	TERM EXPIRES
Bill Eagle - At Large	Secretary	12/31/20
Debra Brimacombe - At Large	Director	12/31/22
Randy Bergman - Zone 1	Vice-Chair	12/31/22
Jason Busch - Zone 2	Chair	12/31/20
Jeff VanNatta - Zone 3	Treasurer	12/31/22
Dave Freytag - Zone 4	Director	12/31/20
Vacant - Zone 5	Director	12/31/20

All directors receive mail at the administration address below.

## <u>ADMINISTRATION</u>

Columbia Soil & Water Conservation District 35285 Millard Rd. St Helens, Oregon 97051

## **REGISTERED AGENT**

Jeff VanNatta

## **DENNIS R. CONNER**

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT CLATSKANIE, OREGON 97016

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors
Columbia Soil & Water Conservation District
Columbia County, Oregon

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Columbia Soil & Water Conservation District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplemental Information,

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require the management's discussion and analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance

on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The budgetary comparison schedules presented as Required Supplementary Information and Supplementary Information have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and in my opinion are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

## Other Reporting Required by Oregon Minimum Standards

In accordance with Minimum Standards for audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, I have also issued my report dated January 5, 2021 on my consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules OAR 162-10-240 to 162-10-320. The purpose of that report is to describe my evaluation of internal control over financial reporting and the scope of my testing of compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance.

Dennis R. Conner

Certified Public Accountant January 5, 2021

#### Columbia County, Oregon

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

June 30, 2020

This discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance provides an overview of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, within the limitations of the District's financial statements.

Note: Property tax revenue in the consolidated information presented below differs from the tax revenue in the fund financial statement due to a difference in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting principles for the two statements. Please see Note 1E for a more detailed explanation.

#### CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2020	Increase (Decrease)
<u>ASSETS</u>			
Current Assets	\$ 121,208	\$ 197,188	\$ 75,980
Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	1,198,560	1,163,547	(35,013)
Total Assets	\$ 1,319,768	\$ 1,360,735	\$ 40,967
<u>LIABILITIES</u>			
Current & Other Liabilities	327,093	221,940	(105,153)
			(100,100)
Total Net Position	\$ 992,675	\$ 1,138,794	\$ 146,119
	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	
	Ended	Ended	Increase
	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2020	(Decrease)
PROGRAM REVENUES  Local, State, and Federal Grants	566,034	400,650	(165,384)
Intergovernmental	33,457	30,035	(3,422)
Total	599,491	430,685	(168,806)
Total	399,491	430,003	(108,800)
GENERAL REVENUES			
Property Taxes	504,094	519,896	15,802
Interest	3,378	2,725	(653)
Miscellaneous	725	300	(425)
Total	508,197	522,921	14,724
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>	(4.070.074)	(202.402)	0.4.0.0.4.0
Operating Expenditures	(1,079,951)	(767,135)	312,816
Interest Expense	(9,831)	(5,338)	4,493
Depreciation	(35,012)	(35,013)	(1)
Total	(1,124,794)	(807,486)	317,308
Change in Net Position	\$ (17,106)	\$ 146,120	\$ 163,226

## Report Components

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34.

#### **Basic Financial Statements**

Government-wide Financial statements: These statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances in a manner similar to a private sector business. The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year.

**Fund Financial Statements:** Fund financial statements focus on the individual parts of the District's government. Fund financial statements also report the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the District's most significant ("major") funds. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending

**Notes to the Financial Statements:** The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the government-wide and fund financial statements and provide expanded explanation and detail regarding the information reported in the statements.

**Required Supplementary Information:** This Management's Discussion and Analysis and the General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule represent financial information required by GASB to be presented. Such information provides users of this report with additional data that supplements the government-wide statements, fund financial statements and notes (referred to as "the basic financial statements").

**Other Supplementary Information:** This part of the annual report includes the property tax schedule. This other supplemental financial information is provided to address certain specific needs of various users of the District's annual report.

#### **Management's Direct Comments**

This Discussion and Analysis presents the highlights of financial activities and financial position for the Columbia Soil and Water Conservation District (CSWCD). The Analysis focuses on significant financial issues, major financial activities, and resultant changes in financial position due to fluctuations, reduced and or increased budgetary variables and specific issues related to the CSWCD functions.

#### **Financial Highlights**

The Columbia SWCD, defined as a tax-exempt extension of local government, has adjusted to ever changing and decreasing funding opportunities from traditional sources. The onset of the tax-base in 2009 has given the CSWCD a foundation from which to build upon. Allowing staff to be hired to handle the ever-growing workload and to seek other funding sources to continue locally led conservation in Columbia County. We were in a planning and development phase for many projects slated for the coming years. This reduced our grant funds coming in for implementation significantly in 2019-2020. Project funding will be increasing in the next 2-3 years due to the planning and development being done at this time kicking off our 5-year plan for restoration and conservation throughout Columbia County. Funds for the coming years are already committed and secured through our Regional Conservation Partnership Program contract. This will bring 3 million in federal dollars to Columbia County for implementation and technical assistance.

#### Budgetary Highlights/Economic factors/summation:

The Columbia SWCD continues to plan for greater needs in the community and natural resource programs in the schools while grant sources have tightened their focus for many of their programs and are limiting the types of projects allowed to be funded. Some programs are being adjusted and reworked due to lack of funding sources for specific issues, and creative partnerships continue to be developed with local agencies, and non-profits to

improve our chances to bring more education dollars to our school's natural resource and career technical assistance programs.

Competitive funding brings with it inherent uncertainty; this has continued to push the SWCD to pursue new business partnerships and look at new approaches to funding projects for local Columbia County residents. Partnerships with other local government offices continues to help leverage funds to be able to work on larger more complex projects across the county.

The demographics in Columbia County continue to move towards smaller acreages and non-traditional agriculture in part. These landowners are of equal importance as they make up much of our county's landscape, but funding sources for small acreages is difficult to come by. Grouping projects of like landowners with similar land uses has been the direction the SWCD has taken to be able to encourage funders to continue funding projects in our area.

Urban sprawl continues to move into the county from Multnomah and Washington counties. The newer property owners are bringing to light new or previously overlooked natural resource concerns. This in some ways has created a challenge to find solutions for issues new to the District, but has also opened up relationships with local cities and municipalities and other funders we may not have engaged with outside of these municipal relationships.

The stability of the tax base has given the SWCD what it needs build upon this continues to show in the 2019-2020 tax year.

#### **Results of Operations:**

During the 2019-2020 FY the Regional Conservation Partnership Program had some delays in the planning phase, pushing implementation dollars into the coming fiscal year, reducing the input and output of implementation funds this fiscal year

#### Significant Transactions and changes in individual funds:

The current year grants and property tax revenues were sufficient to cover the current year personnel and operating costs.

#### **Economic Factors:**

The district received most of its revenue from State of Oregon, USDA - Natural Resource Conservation Service, other federal grants, and real property tax. The future revenues of the District may be influenced by political and economic factors outside the District's control. Continuing to partner with other local conservation groups will allow us to all continue putting conservation on the ground.

#### **Overall Financial Position:**

The District's financial position remains consistent. The District continues to operate without any long-term debt for operations. The building loan was refinanced in FY 2015-2016 with a payoff date set for 2021.

## Columbia County, Oregon

## **STATEMENT OF NET POSITION**

June 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities		
<u>ASSETS</u>			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	143,478	
Taxes Receivable		25,700	
Accounts Receivable		6,399	
Prepaid Insurance		7,786	
Prepaid Payroll Liabilities		13,825	
Capital Assets:			
Land		150,000	
Other Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation		1,013,547	
Total Assets		1,360,735	
<u>LIABILITIES</u>			
<u>Current Liabilities</u>			
Accounts Payable		11,084	
Credit Cards		3,252	
Prepaid Rent		2,327	
Customer Overpayments		19,125	
Payroll Liabilities		16,624	
Accrued Vacation Pay		20,391	
Current Portion Long Term Debt		98,110	
Total		170,913	
Long Term Liabilities			
Payments Due After One Year		51,028	
<u>Total Liabilities</u>		221,940	
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	•	1,014,409	
Unrestricted		124,385	
Total Net Position	\$	1,138,794	

See Notes to Financial Statements

Columbia County, Oregon

## **STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES**

Year Ended June 30, 2020

	 vernmental Activities
EXPENSES	
Operating Expenditures	\$ (767,135)
Interest Expense	(5,338)
Depreciation	(35,013)
Total	(807,486)
PROGRAM REVENUES	
Local, State & Federal Grants	400,650
Intergovernmental	30,035
Total	430,685
Net Program Revenue (Expenses)	 (376,801)
GENERAL REVENUES	
Property Taxes	519,896
Interest	2,725
Miscellaneous	 300
Total	 522,921
Change in Net Position	146,120
NET POSITION, Beginning	992,675
NET POSITION, Ending	\$ 1,138,794

See Notes to Financial Statements

Columbia County, Oregon

## **BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

June 30, 2020

	(	General Fund		CRWC Fund		Total
<u>ASSETS</u>						
Cash and Investments	\$	143,478	\$	-	\$	143,478
Property Taxes Receivable		25,700		-		25,700
Accounts Receivable		6,399		-		6,399
Prepaid Insurance		7,786		-		7,786
Prepaid Payroll		13,825		-		13,825
Total Assets	\$	197,188	\$	-	\$	197,188
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable	\$	11,084	\$	_	\$	11,084
Credit Cards	Ψ	3,252	Ψ	_	Ψ	3,252
Prepaid Rent		2,327		_		2,327
Customer Prepayments		19,125		_		19,125
Payroll Liabilities		16,624		-		16,624
Accrued Vacation Pay				-		
•		20,391	-			20,391
Total Liabilities		72,803				72,803
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred Tax Revenues		11,044				11,044
FUND BALANCES						
Unassigned		113,341		_		113,341
-			-			
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows						
and Fund Balances	\$	197,188	\$		\$_	197,188
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position						
Fund Balances						113,341
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:						
Capital assets used in governmental activities net of accumulated depreciation are not <u>financial</u> resources, and therefore are not reported in the fund statements						1,163,547
Long term debt obligations payable are not due and payable in this reporting period, and therefore are not reported in the fund statements.						(149,138)
Deferred property tax revenue is not recognized in the Statement of Net Position						11,044
Net Position of Governmental Activities					\$	1,138,794

Columbia County, Oregon

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

## **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

Year Ended June 30, 2020

	General Fu	und LC	RWC Fund		Total
REVENUES Property Taxes	\$ 527,2	253 \$	_	\$	527,253
Local, State & Federal Grants	356,1		44,535	·	400,650
Intergovernmental	30,0		, -		30,035
Interest	2,7	25	-		2,725
Miscellaneous	3	00	-		300
Total	916,4	29	44,535		960,964
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>					
Current	722,6		44,535		767,135
Debt Service	101,2				101,286
Total	823,8	86	44,535		868,421
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	92,5	543	-		92,543
FUND BALANCE, Beginning	20,7	98			20,798
FUND BALANCE, Ending	\$ 113,3	41 \$		\$	113,341
Reconciliation to Statement of Activities					
Net Change in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds					92,543
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.					
Depreciation Expense					(35,013)
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental fur but the repayment reduces long term debt in the Statement of Activities.	nds,				
Loan Payments					95,948
Governmental funds report property tax revenue on a modified accrual basis, whereas the Statement of Activities reports this revenue on a full accrual basis. The difference is accounted for by the change in Deferred Revenue from one year to the next.					(7,358)
·					,
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities					146,120

See Notes to Financial Statements

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020

## Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant accounting policies are described below.

#### 1A FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

The District's financial reporting entity is composed of the following:

Primary Government: Columbia Soil & Water Conservation District

In determining the financial reporting entity, the District complies with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*.

#### **1B BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

#### GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues.

#### FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitutes its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: government, proprietary and fiduciary. The District presently has no proprietary or fiduciary funds.

The District reports the following governmental funds;

The *General Fund* is the primary operating fund of the District and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

The *LCRWC Fund* accounts for revenues and expenditures the District administers for the Lower Columbia River Watershed Council (see Note 4 on page 18).

#### **FUND BALANCE:**

Governmental fund balances are categorized in five ways:

- 1) **Non-spendable** resources that must be maintained intact due to legal or contractual requirements, such as the principal of an endowment.
- 2) **Restricted** that portion of a fund balance that reflects resources that are subject to externally enforceable legal restrictions imposed by creditors, contributors, or laws and regulations.

- Committed that portion of a fund balance that reflects limitations the District imposes on itself by action
  of the Board of Directors.
- 4) **Assigned** that portion of a fund balance that reflects its intended use. Authority for an assigned fund balance can be delegated by the Board to another body (such as a committee) or an official of the District.
- 5) **Unassigned** that portion of the General Fund balance that does not fall within one of the categories above.

#### 1C MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

#### **GOVERNMENT - WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the "economic resources" measurement focus, and the full accrual basis of accounting. The accounting objectives of the "economic resources" measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent, financial, or nonfinancial) associated with their activities are reported. Fund equity is classified as net position.

#### FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting is used. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered by management to be measurable and available only when cash is received.

#### 1D BUDGET

A budget is prepared and legally adopted for each governmental fund type on the modified accrual basis of accounting in the main program categories required by Oregon Local Budget Law. The budgets for all budgeted funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles, except: property taxes received after year-end are not considered budgetary resources in the funds; capital assets are expenses when purchased; and depreciation expense is not reported.

#### 1E ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET POSITION

#### CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The District considers cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less, when purchased, to be cash and cash equivalents. Investments maintained in the Oregon Local Government Investment Pool are carried at cost, which approximates fair value, and are classified as a cash equivalent. Fair value of the investments in the Oregon Local Government Investment Pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

#### PROPERTY TAXES RECEIVABLE

In the Government-Wide Financial Statements uncollected property taxes are recorded in the Statement of Net Position. In the Fund Financial Statements property taxes that are collected within 60 days after year-end are considered measurable and available, and therefore are recognized as revenue. The remaining balance is recorded as deferred revenue because it is not deemed available to finance operation of the current period. An allowance for doubtful accounts is not deemed necessary by management, as uncollectible taxes become a lien on the property. Property taxes are levied on all taxable property as of July 1st, the beginning of the fiscal year, and become a lien on that date. Property taxes are payable on November 15, February 15, and May 15. Discounts are allowed if the amount due is received by November 15 or February 15. Taxes unpaid and outstanding on May 16 are considered delinquent.

#### **CAPITAL ASSETS**

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

In the government-wide financial statements, capital assets arising from cash transactions are accounted for as assets in the Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are defined as assets with an initial cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated life in excess of one reporting period. Maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of an asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market value at the time of acquisition.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets arising from cash transactions is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are depreciated using the stratght line method over the estimated useful lives shown below.

Asset	Life (Years)
Land	Permanent
Buildings	40
Equipment & Furnishings	5-10

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

In the fund financial statements, capital assets arising from cash transactions acquired for use in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition.

#### **NET POSITION CLASSIFICATION**

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

Net position is classified and displayed in three components:

- a. Net Investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets.
- b. Restricted Consists of assets with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments: or (2) law though constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted All other assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Governmental fund net position is classified as fund balance.

#### 1F USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Note 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

By its nature as a local government unit, the District is subject to various federal, state, and local laws and contractual regulations. The District has no instances of noncompliance that are considered material to the financial statements.

#### 2A UNINSURED AND UNCOLLATERALIZED DEPOSITS

In accordance with State law, all uninsured deposits of municipal funds in financial institutions must be secured with acceptable collateral. Acceptable collateral includes certain U.S. Government or Government Agency securities, certain State or political subdivision debt obligations, surety bonds, or certain letters of credit.

#### Note 3 - DETAIL NOTES - TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS

The following notes present detail information to support the amounts reported in the basic financial statements for its various assets, liabilities, equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses.

#### 3A CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The District maintains a cash pool that is available for use by the General Fund. Deposits with financial institutions consist of bank demand deposits.

Cash and investments are recorded at cost, which approximates fair market value, plus accrued interest at June 30, 2020. Cash and investments of the District at June 30, 2020 were:

Checking Account - US Bank	\$ 41,105
Local Government Investment Pool	102,234
Petty Cash	 139
	\$ 143,478

Deposits: The insurance and collateral requirements for deposits are established by banking regulations and Oregon law. Federal depository insurance of \$250,000 applies respectively, to total demand deposits and to total savings accounts at each financial institution. Where balances exceed \$250,000, banks are required to pledge collateral, based on their capital condition. Banks are required to provide quarterly reporting to Treasury of their public funds deposits, which will be the basis for their collateral pledging for the next quarter. Treasury monitors each depository bank and ensures compliance with collateralization requirements for all public fund deposits. Banks will pledge 10% if they are well capitalized, 25% if they are adequately capitalized, and in turn, the banks are required to share in the liability of a failed institution, should it ever occur. Undercapitalized banks are required to pledge collateral equal to 110% of their deposits which is monitored on a weekly basis. At June 30, 2020, total demand deposits and savings accounts per bank statements were \$48,479. All these deposits were covered by federal depository insurance.

Investments: The District's cash management policies are governed by state statutes. Statutes authorize the District to invest in bankers' acceptances, time certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, obligations of the United States' agencies and instrumentalities and the Oregon State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). At June 30, 2020, the District had invested \$102,234 with the LGIP, which is a cash and investment pool available for use by all state funds and local governments and is maintained by the State Treasurer. The Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) is an open-ended, no-load diversified portfolio offered to eligible participants, including any municipality, political subdivision, or public corporation of the state. Currently, there are more than 1,500 participants in the Pool. Local government pooled assets are reported as an Investment Trust Fund in Oregon's comprehensive Annual Financial Report. The Oregon Short-Term Fund Board, established by the Oregon Legislature, advises the Oregon Investment Council and the Oregon State Treasury in the management and investments of the LGIP. The carrying value of this investment (cost) approximates the market value at June 30, 2020.

Credit Risk: The State of Oregon LGIP is not registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company. The Oregon revised Statutes and the Oregon Investment Council govern the Pool's investment policies. The State Treasurer is the investment office for the LGIP and it is responsible for all funds in the LGIP. These funds must be invested and the investments managed, as a prudent investor would, exercising reasonable care, skill and caution. Investments in the fund are further governed by portfolio guidelines issued by the Oregon Short-Term Funds Board, which establish diversification percentages and specify the types and maturities of the investments. The overall credit quality of the pool is not rated. The Oregon Audits Division of the Secretary of State's Office audits the Pool annually. The Division's report on the LGIP as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020 was unqualified.

Concentration Risk: The District had concentrations in the following investment: LGIP 71.3%.

**Interest Rate Risk:** The District does not have a formal investment policy that explicitly limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value loss arising from increasing interest rates.

## **3B CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity, resulting from modified cash basis transactions, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

Governmental Activities	alance at uly 1, 2019	A	dditions	Ded	uctions	_	Balance at ne 30, 2020
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets							
Land	\$ 150,000	\$		\$		\$	150,000
Depreciable Capital Assets:							
Buildings & Improvements	1,258,233		-		-		1,258,233
Vehicles	27,500		-		-		27,500
Equipment	15,757		-		-		15,757
Total	 1,301,490						1,301,490
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:							
Buildings & Improvements	(222,048)		(32,263)		-		(254,311)
Vehicles	(15,125)		(2,750)		-		(17,875)
Equipment	 (15,757)						(15,757)
Total	(252,930)		(35,013)				(287,943)
Total Depreciable Capital Assets,							
Net of Depreciation	\$ 1,048,560	\$	(35,013)	\$		\$	1,013,547
Total Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	\$ 1,198,560	\$	(35,013)	\$		\$	1,163,547

## **3C LONG TERM DEBT**

The District refinanced a loan from US Bank in May 2016 with a new principal amount of \$521,734, and an interest rate of 2.25%. The amortization schedule for this loan is shown below:

Fiscal Year	Principal	Principal Interest			Principal Interest T		
20-21	\$ 98,110	\$ 3,176	\$101,286				
21-22	51,028	562	51,590				
Balance 6/30/20	\$ 149,138	\$ 3,738	\$152,876				

Debt principal activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

PRINCIPAL									
Beginning Ending Due Within							D	ue After	
Note	Balance	Paid			Balance	O	ne Year	0	ne Year
US Bank	\$ 245,085	\$	(95,948)	\$	149,138	\$	98,110	\$	51,028

#### Note 4 - OTHER NOTES

#### 4A LOWER COLUMBIA RIVER WATERSHED COUNCIL AGREEMENT

The District has a formal agreement with the Lower Columbia River Watershed Council (LCRWC) to assist in grant applications, receive funds, and administer expenditure of grant funds for LCRWC. All funds received and expended are administered in accordance with District policies and procedures.

#### **4B RISK MANAGEMENT**

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft or damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. The District, through its General fund, purchases commercial insurance. Settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in any fiscal year.

#### **4C RETIREMENT PLAN**

The District has a SIMPLE retirement plan. Seven (7) employees currently participate by contributing 3% of their salaries and the District matches that amount.

#### **4D CONTINGENCIES**

Litigation - The District is occasionally a party to various legal proceedings that normally occur in the course of governmental operations. Accordingly, the District maintains liability insurance coverage to protect its personnel and assets from any potential losses related to such proceedings. While the outcome of these proceedings cannot be predicted, the District feels that any settlement or judgment not covered by insurance would not have a material adverse effect on its financial condition.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Columbia County, Oregon

## BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

## **GENERAL FUND**

Year Ended June 30, 2020

				Variance
	Original	Final		Favorable
	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES				
Property Taxes and Related Items	\$ 543,363	\$ 543,363	527,253	\$ (16,110)
Grants & Reimbursements	1,869,319	1,869,319	356,115	(1,513,204)
Intergovernmental	27,294	27,294	30,035	2,741
Landowner Contribution	10,000	10,000	0	(10,000)
Interest	1,600	1,600	2,725	1,125
Miscellaneous	15,000	15,000	300_	(14,700)
Total	2,466,576	2,466,576	916,429	(1,550,147)
EXPENDITURES Personnel Services	545,950	545,950	345,739	200,211
Material and Services	1,645,626	1,645,626	376,861	1,268,765
Capital Outlay	80,000	80,000	0	80,000
Debt Service	120,000	120,000	101,286	18,714
Operating Contingencies	100,000	100,000	0	100,000
Total	2,491,576	2,491,576	823,886	1,667,690
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(25,000)	(25,000)	92,543	117,543
<u>FUND BALANCE</u> , Beginning	200,000	200,000	20,798	(179,202)
FUND BALANCE, Ending	\$ 175,000	\$ 175,000	113,341	\$ (61,659)

See Notes to Financial Statements

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** 

Columbia County, Oregon

## BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

## LCRWC Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2020

				Variance
	Original	Final		Favorable
	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
<u>REVENUES</u>				
Grants & Reimbursements	\$ 76,810	\$ 76,810	\$ 44,535	\$ (32,275)
EXPENDITURES				
Personnel Services	50,840	50,840	39,600	11,240
Material and Services	25,970	25,970	4,935	21,035
Total	76,810	76,810	44,535	32,275
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	-	-	-
FUND BALANCE, Beginning				
FUND BALANCE, Ending	\$ -	\$ -	<u> </u>	\$ -

See Notes to Financial Statements

<u>AUDITOR'S COMMENTS AND</u> <u>DISCLOSURES REQUIRED BY STATE REGULATIONS</u>

## DENNIS R. CONNER

Certified Public Accountant 365 South Nehalem PO Box 1078 Clatskanie, Oregon 97016 Facsimile (503) 728-2944 Telephone (503) 728-2038

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT REQUIRED BY OREGON STATE REGULATIONS

To the Board of Directors
Columbia Soil & Water Conservation District
Columbia County, Oregon

I have audited the basic financial statements of Columbia Soil & Water Conservation District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and have issued my report thereon dated January 5, 2021. I conducted the audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America

#### Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion.

I performed procedures to the extent I considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures which included, but were not limited to the following:

Deposit of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295).

Indebtedness limitations, restrictions, and repayment.

Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294).

Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law.

Programs funded by outside sources.

Authorized investment of surplus funds (ORS Chapter 294).

Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, 279C).

In connection with my testing, nothing came to my attention that caused me to believe the District was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations.

#### OAR 162-10-230 (Internal Control)

In planning and performing my audit, I considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing my auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

My consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies. A significant deficiency is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more on the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the basic financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. I noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that I consider to be significant deficiencies except the following:

#### **Financial Reporting**

The District does not have the capability to prepare or determine if the financial statements and related disclosures are complete and presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Limited staffing prevents the District from complying with this recommendation. Since controls at that level are not available within the District, the cost benefit of having the auditor prepare the financial statements, including related footnote disclosures, far outweigh the cost of hiring additional staff or hiring an independent outside source to do the same job. The District believes the outsourcing of the financial statement preparation service to the auditor is not unusual for smaller governments.

#### Inadequate Segregation of Accounting Duties

The District does not have sufficient staff to adequately segregate accounting duties. The District has adopted financial controls that are relevant to smaller governmental units. The District believes there is a substantial cost benefit by not increasing staffing levels at this time. However, the District acknowledges the need for extra vigilance on the part of the Board.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board and management of the District, and the Oregon Secretary of State, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these parties.

Dennis R. Conner, CPA

January 5, 2021